# SPA – Coordinated Metadata Catalogue

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### 1. Introduction

The Single Point of Access is an intermediary digital platform and it is part of 3 Delegated Regulations following Priority Actions b, c and e of the EU ITS Directive 2010/40/EU. One of the main functions is providing information about existing traffic relevant data to interested persons or companies. A detailed and standardized dataset description – the so-called metadata - is needed to create a searchable, easy manageable and high quality register.

There is more than one approach to find a practical way for an interoperable compatible minimum data description method. The working group composed by representatives from the Netherlands, Germany and Austria decided to limit its work to the definition of the attribute names and data field definitions. This approach has several benefits for the potential user seeking for information via a Single Point of Access (SPA). In case an international user accesses SPAs of several EU Member States, there should be no difference in wording and their meaning between the metadata provided, even in different languages. Thus, the considerations laid down in this document aim to support easy data exchange and to prevent data errors when exchanging data between databases. Therefore it is necessary to define data fields and data field definitions which we call metadata catalogue.

### 2. Purpose

Regarding to EU Regulations 885/2013, 886/2013 and 2015/962 every EU Member State has to implement a Single Access Point to data for its country. For reasons of data exchange, compatibility and interoperability the responsible partners of the Netherlands, Germany and Austria started a working group to develop a common minimum metadata set which describes all data covered by the EU Directive and the respective specifications. This minimum metadata set describes the most important data elements, a technical description of the data elements and contains all necessary information for the metadata definition necessary to fulfil the duties of the national SPAs.

The objectives of this paper are:

- Definition of data elements which are necessary to describe a dataset in a minimal but adequately way
- Definition of wordings and semantics
- Definition of predefined categorisations
- Definition of data field name
- Definition of data value type
- Recommendations of data field length

The definition of data elements, wordings and predefined categorisations form the core element for data exchange and interoperability. For a technical information exchange and later database operations technical parts like value type and length need to be harmonised.

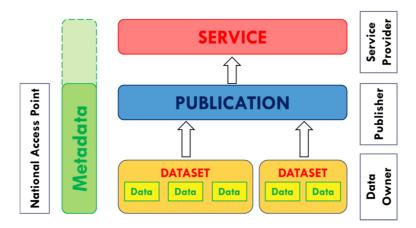
The common minimum dataset should be compatible with the INSPIRE regulation (2007/2/EG), where appropriate, and take into account the DCAT - AP (Application profile for data profiles in Europe) specification. Every national implementation is free to add more metadata elements then described in this document. However it should adhere to the minimum metadata set as specified here.

This paper focuses only on content and the technical aspects of the minimum metadata set. It does not cover recommendations about the user interface, front end, data presentation or any other web part including all national laws (e.g. privacy).

### 3. Definition

Certain terms and definitions need to be specified to achieve a common understanding.

This figure is used for an easy understanding and the common idea of the metadata that describes both, the content of data and the publication i.e. the way data is accessible:



#### **Publication**

A publication is an abstract information element that covers the (recurring) data set(s) of a distinct content provided in a specific data format based on a specific communication method.

So a publication is the combination of a data set and the way the data is published (made accessible). The same data set (e.g. static parking information for truck drivers) can be provided in different ways e.g. as downloadable zip file or as XML using a SOAP web service. These are two publications based on one data set.

### Metadata set

Metadata contain information about a publication facilitating discovery services.

Metadata set is the collection of all metadata elements.

#### Data set

A data set contains the road and traffic data which are provided by the data owner.

#### **Publisher**

A Publisher is the entity (company, authority or person) who publishes a dataset. He holds up the data access and defines data routines.

#### **Contact Point**

A Contact Point is the entity (company, authority or person) who registered the dataset at the SPA and is liable for the correctness of the metadata. In most case this will be the data owner.

#### **Data Owner**

A Data owner is the entity (company or authority) which owns or produces data. It is liable for processing, aggregation, quantity and quality of the data.

### 4. Minimum Metadata Elements - Description

In case of data exchanges between two databases concerning metadata, the element name, field type and recommend field size have to be the same and type equal. To enhance the usability the name should also be the same. In this chapter data fields will be described, but without any order or categorisation.

This paper does not cover with the exchange format and the communication protocol that shall be used for automatic (meta)data exchange<sup>1</sup>. In a further step these formats and protocols should also be specified to facilitate automated search functionalities.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> A possible specification would be a XML-schema for the metadata (like INSPIRE do) and the definition of a SOAP web service for communication.

### 4.1. Overview

	Name of Metadata element	Mandatory for Nation	Field name (proposal)	Type of value	Field length (proposal)	Technical description	Example
rmation	Metadata Date	True	metadata_date	DateTime	-	YYYY-MM- DD'T'hh:mm:ssTZD; NOT NULL	2015-10- 23T09:00:00+01:00
Metadata information	Metadata language	True	md_language	Predefined Text	-	Predefined EU24 Language set ISO 639-2 conform; multiple choice; NOT NULL	ger; eng;
	Contact point for metadata	False	cp_name	Free text	50	Text; utf8; NULL	Hans Maier
		True	cp_org_name	Free text	50	Text; utf8; NOT NULL	Data GmbH
		False	cp_address	Free text	50	Text; utf8; NULL	Data street 1, Vienna
		True	cp_email	Free text	50	Text; utf8; NOT NULL	hans@data.at
		False	cp_website	Free text	50	Text; utf8; NULL	http://data.at
		False	cp_tel	Free text	50	Text; utf8; NULL	-
ation	Name of dataset	True	d_name	Free text	250	Text; utf8; NOT NULL	Highway network Austria
Content Information	Description of dataset	True	d_description	Free text	1000	Text; utf8; NOT NULL	Contains static high priority network of Austria, Link information: Speed, lanes, direction
O	Dataset type category	True	data_agr_type	Predefined Text	-	Predefined 15 data categories; Lookup Table; multiple choice; NOT NULL	

Dataset language  True    ds_language   Predefined   Text   Language set; single choice; NOT NULL		Dataset detailed type	True for self- declaration	data_org_type	Predefined Text	-	Predefined 50 data types; Lookup Table; multiple choice; NULL	
End date of publication   False   p_end_date   DateTime   -   VYYY-MM-DD'T'hh:mm:ssTZD; NOT NULL   Predefined NUTS 0 - 3 at 23T09:00:00+01:00   Aut 11; Aut 12; Aut 13; Aut 13; Aut 12; Aut 13; Aut		Dataset language	True	ds_language		-	Language set;	ger;
Area covered by publication  Area covered by publication  True  Tr	mporal	Start date of publication	True	p_start_date	DateTime	-	DD'T'hh:mm:ssTZD;	
Network coverage   True   net_category   Predefined   Text   Text   Codes; UTF8; multiple choice; NOT NULL	Te info	End date of publication	False	p_end_date	DateTime	-	DD'T'hh:mm:ssTZD;	
Publisher False p_name Free text 50 Text; utf8; NULL Hans Maier  True p_org_name Free text 50 Text; utf8; NOT NULL Data GmbH  False p_address Free text 50 Text; utf8; NOT NULL Data street 1, Vienna  True p_email Free text 50 Text; utf8; NOT NULL hans@data.at  False p_website Free text 50 Text; utf8; NOT NULL http://data.at  False p_tel Free text 50 Text; utf8; NULL http://data.at  Data owner False do_name Free text 50 Text; utf8; NULL http://data.at  True do_org_name Free text 50 Text; utf8; NULL http://data.at  True do_org_name Free text 50 Text; utf8; NULL http://data.at	overage	Area covered by publication	True	val_area		-	Codes; UTF8; multiple	· ·
Publisher False p_name Free text 50 Text; utf8; NULL Hans Maier  True p_org_name Free text 50 Text; utf8; NOT NULL Data GmbH  False p_address Free text 50 Text; utf8; NOT NULL Data street 1, Vienna  True p_email Free text 50 Text; utf8; NOT NULL hans@data.at  False p_website Free text 50 Text; utf8; NOT NULL http://data.at  False p_tel Free text 50 Text; utf8; NULL http://data.at  Data owner False do_name Free text 50 Text; utf8; NULL http://data.at  True do_org_name Free text 50 Text; utf8; NULL http://data.at  True do_org_name Free text 50 Text; utf8; NULL http://data.at	aphical co	Network coverage	True	net_category		-	multiple choice; NOT	Motorway
True p_org_name Free text 50 Text; utf8; NOT NULL Data GmbH False p_address Free text 50 Text; utf8; NOT NULL Data street 1, Vienna True p_email Free text 50 Text; utf8; NOT NULL hans@data.at False p_website Free text 50 Text; utf8; NULL http://data.at False p_tel Free text 50 Text; utf8; NULL Data owner False do_name Free text 50 Text; utf8; NULL True do_org_name Free text 50 Text; utf8; NULL Data owner False do_name Free text 50 Text; utf8; NULL Data GmbH  True do_org_name Free text 50 Text; utf8; NULL  Data owner False do_name Free text 50 Text; utf8; NULL Data GmbH	Geogra	Network coverage description	False	net_description	Free text	1000	Text; utf8; NULL	bidirectional lanes, 2 to 4 lanes, minimum speed 80, use
True do_org_name Free text 50 Text; utf8; NOT NULL Data GmbH	s/ on	Publisher		p_name	Free text			
True do_org_name Free text 50 Text; utf8; NOT NULL Data GmbH	tier							
True do_org_name Free text 50 Text; utf8; NOT NULL Data GmbH	Responsibili ontact Inform							-
True do_org_name Free text 50 Text; utf8; NOT NULL Data GmbH				· <del>-</del>				
True do_org_name Free text 50 Text; utf8; NOT NULL Data GmbH				• =				nttp://data.at
True do_org_name Free text 50 Text; utf8; NOT NULL Data GmbH		Data owner						Hans Majer
	C	Data OWITEI						
False   do address   Free text   50   Text uttle NIII   Data street 1 Vienna			False	do_org_name do address	Free text	50	Text; utf8; NULL	Data street 1, Vienna

		True	do_email	Free text	50	Text; utf8; NOT NULL	hans@data.at
		False	do_website	Free text	50	Text; utf8; NULL	http://data.at
		False	do_tel	Free text	50	Text; utf8; NULL	-
Condition for use	Contract or licence	True	con_lic	Predefined Text	-	Predefined; UTF8; single choice; NOT NULL	Licence
Cond	Condition for use	True if con_lic is used	con_description	Free text	1000	Text; utf8; NULL	http://data.at/terms. pdf
	Structure of publication	True	tech_structure	Predefined Text	-	Predefined; single choice; utf8; NOT NULL	Datex II XML
Access information	Publication structure description	True if con_lic is used	p_structure_des cription	Free text	1000	Text; utf8; NULL	http://data.at/tech_d escription.pdf
ss info	Access interface	True	interface	Predefined Text	-	Predefined; single choice; utf8; NOT NULL	SOAP;
Acces	Communication method	True	com_method	Predefined Text	-	Predefined; Multiple choice; utf8; NOT NULL	push;
	Access URL	True	access_url	Free text	250	Text; utf8; NOT NULL	http://data.at/access .csv
ality	Update frequency	True	update_freq	Predefined Text	-	Predefined; Single choice; utf8; NOT NULL	yearly
Quality information	Quality Indicator	True	qm_indicator	Free text	1000	Text; UTF8;NOT NULL	According to the EIP+ quality measures
ri	National Body assessment date	False	assessment_dat e	DateTime	-	YYYY-MM- DD'T'hh:mm:ssTZD; NULL	2015-10- 23T09:00:00+01:00

### 4.2. Metadata elements for minimum metadata set

### 4.2.1. Metadata information

### 4.2.1.1. Metadata Date

### **Description and References**

The element "Date of metadata" is the date stamp (date and time) when the current version of the metadata set was created or last modified. It will be generated by the system. Therefore it's mandatory.

Reference to:

DCAT-AP: catalogue-record: modified (mandatory)

INSPIRE: Metadata date (mandatory) ISO8601 and W3C for the description

**Obligation**: mandatory

Type: DateTime

**Description:** YYYY-MM-DD'T'hh:mm:ssTZD [2015-10-23T09:00:00+01:00]; NOT NULL

**Proposed Database features** 

**Proposed Fieldname:** metadata\_date

Proposed length: -

### 4.2.1.2. Metadata language

### **Description and References**

This element indicates the language in which the metadata is described. Next to the national operators and publishers there are international operators which use their own language for descriptions. According to the ISO 639 standard part 2, there is a 3 letter code for 24 EU languages, which should be used. In the minimum data set at least one language has to be set. According to the international character of each SPA and in consideration of MS having multiple official languages it should be possible to select more than one language. It is preferred to have a predefined selection of languages.

The list of codes for the 24 official EU languages is:

Bulgarian – **bul** Irish – **gle** Croatian – **hrv** Italian – **ita** 

Latvian - lav Czech – cze Danish – dan Lithuanian – lit Dutch – **dut** Maltese - mlt English – eng Polish – pol Estonian – est Portuguese – por Finnish – **fin** Romanian – rum French – **fre** Slovak - slo German – ger Slovenian – slv Greek – gre Spanish – **spa** Swedish – **swe** Hungarian – **hun** 

The list of all the codes is defined at http://www.loc.gov/standards/iso639-2/
Regional languages also are included in this list.

Reference to:

DCAT-AP: catalogue-record: language (mandatory)

INSPIRE: Metadata language (mandatory)

**Obligation**: mandatory

**Type:** Predefined text

Description: Predefined; UTF8; NOT NULL

**Proposed Database features** 

**Proposed Fieldname:** md\_language

Proposed length: -

### 4.2.1.3. Metadata point of contact

### **Description and References**

The contact point describes an organisation, if applicable a person, which is responsible for creation and maintenance of the metadata. This person or company is the direct contact for the single access point and data searching users. This information is mandatory but each user can decide if the information is shown in the SPA-Interface.

For the data fields the common vCard-format is used. The vCard standard defines up to 40 fields, which could be filled in. To simplify metadata input, only a selection of fields are part of the minimum meta data set and might be shown in the user interface.

Reference to: DCAT-AP: n/a

INSPIRE: Metadata point of contact (mandatory)

**Obligation**: Organisation Name and E-Mail: mandatory, other fields: optional

**Type:** vCard-Textfields

Title	Proposed DB_Name	DB_Type	Proposed DB_ Field_length	DB_description
Name	cp_name	Free text	50	Text, utf8, NULL
Organisation Name	cp_org_name	Free text	50	Text, utf8, NOT NULL
Address	cp_address	Free text	50	Text, utf8, NULL
E-Mail	cp_email	Free text	50	Text, utf8, NOT NULL
Website	cp_website	Free text	50	Text, utf8, NULL
Telephone number	cp_tel	Free text	50	Text, utf8, NULL

### 4.2.2. Content Information

### 4.2.2.1. Name of dataset

### **Description and References**

The field "Name of dataset" is a free text entry. It describes the data set in a generic term or short description. The author is encouraged to write a meaningful description. This field is only for a brief overview, because free text fields are unsuitable for searches, due to spelling mistakes, different wordings and other aspects. The categorisation of the data sets is done within other fields.

Reference to:

DCAT-AP: dataset: title, free text with opt. further language versions (mandatory)

INSPIRE: Resource title, free text (mandatory)

**Obligation**: mandatory

Type: Free text

Description: Free Text (e.g. Highway Network); utf8; NOT NULL

**Proposed Database features** 

Proposed Fieldname: d\_name

**Proposed length: 200** 

### 4.2.2.2. Description of dataset

### **Description and References**

To give the user more information about content of the dataset a brief description is mandatory. It's a free text field. The used language for the description should be the language from the field "metadata language". If more than one language is marked at "metadata language", for each language there should be another description.

Reference to

DCAT-AP: dataset: description, free text with opt. further language versions (mandatory)

INSPIRE: Resource abstract, free text (mandatory)

**Obligation**: mandatory

Type: Free text

Description: Free Text (Contains static high priority network of Austria: Road Name, Lane number,

Direction); NOT NULL

17.12.2015

### **Proposed Database features**

Proposed Fieldname: d\_ description

**Proposed length: 1000** 

### 4.2.2.3. Dataset type category / Dataset detailed information

### **Description and References**

The "Data Set Type" is the main classification of the publication content. It contains an aggregated dataset and detailed dataset. According to the EU-Regulations there are predefined categorisations for Data Sets of priority b/c/e. For the reason of usability it is not feasible to show all 50 categories in the user interface. But in case that these categories are needed for validation by the national body they have to be mentioned in the SPA data system. The currently agreed assembling method can be found as ANNEX 1

Reference to:

DCAT-AP: dataset: theme (definable categories, recommended)

INSPIRE: Keyword: free text (may originate from a controlled vocabulary, mandatory)

### **Dataset type category**

**Obligation**: mandatory

Type: predefined list

**Description:** lookup Table, NOT NULL

**Proposed Database features** 

**Proposed Fieldname:** data\_agr\_type

Proposed length: -

### **Dataset detailed information**

**Obligation**: optional (mandatory for self declaration)

Type: predefined list

**Description:** lookup Table, NULL

#### **Proposed Database features**

Proposed Fieldname: data\_org\_type

Proposed length: -

### 4.2.2.4. Dataset language

### **Description and References**

This element indicates the language of the data itself (text fields, addresses etc.). Depending on the data source the language will be different. Selection of one language is mandatory. According to the ISO 639 standard part 2, a 3 letter code for 24 EU languages is available. For implementation of this item in the metadata registry, it is recommended to have a predefined selection of languages.

The list of codes for the 24 official EU languages is:

Bulgarian – **bul** Irish – gle Croatian – hrv Italian – ita Latvian - lav Czech – cze Danish – dan Lithuanian - lit Dutch – **dut** Maltese – mlt English – eng Polish – pol Estonian – est Portuguese – por Finnish – **fin** Romanian – rum French – **fre** Slovak – **slo** German – ger Slovenian – slv Greek – gre Spanish – **spa** Hungarian – **hun** Swedish – swe

The list of all the codes is defined at http://www.loc.gov/standards/iso639-2/

Regional languages also are included in this list.

Reference to:

DCAT-AP: dataset: language (worldwide), multiple languages possible (optional)

INSPIRE: Resource language (European subset) (mandatory)

**Obligation**: mandatory

**Type:** predefined list

Description: Text; UTF8; NOT NULL

**Proposed Database features** 

**Proposed Fieldname:** ds\_language

Proposed length: -

### 4.2.3. Temporal information

### 4.2.3.1. Start date of publication

### **Description and References**

This field describes from which date on the data delivery is applicable. In the metadata registry, this field can be set optional for the user input but for the data base it is mandatory. If there is no entry it means that the publication gets valid immediately and the timestamp is the same as the metadata timestamp.

Reference to:

DCAT-AP: n/a (validity of data set: dataset: temporal coverage – start date)

INSPIRE: n/a (validity of data set: temporal extent – starting date)

**Obligation**: mandatory (no entry means that the publication gets valid immediately)

**Type:** DateTime

**Description:** YYYY-MM-DD'T'hh:mm:ssTZD [2015-10-23T09:00:00+01:00]; NOT NULL

**Proposed Database features** 

**Proposed Fieldname:** p\_start\_date

Proposed length: -

### 4.2.3.2. End date of publication

### **Description and References**

This field describes the date when data delivery to this publication terminates. This field is optional, if there is no entry it means that the publication does not expire.

Reference to:

DCAT-AP: n/a (validity of data set: dataset: temporal coverage – end date)

INSPIRE: n/a (validity of data set: temporal extent – end date)

**Obligation**: optional

Type: DateTime

Description: YYYY-MM-DD'T'hh:mm:ssTZD [2015-10-23T09:00:00+01:00]; NOT NULL

### **Proposed Database features**

Proposed Fieldname: p\_end\_date

Proposed length: -

### 4.2.4. Geographical coverage

### 4.2.4.1. Area covered by publication

### **Description and References**

This attribute describes the geographic area that is covered by datasets of the publication. Datasets can be valid for more than one region, for that reason a multiple choice selection should be applied. A dataset without an area is not valid, therefore this field is mandatory.

NUTS (Nomenclature des unités territoriales statistiques) provide a clearly clarification of regional levels. The "NUTS Level" defines a possible selection of area level (city, district, and region).

http://ec.europa.eu/eurostat/ramon/nomenclatures/index.cfm?TargetUrl=LST\_NOM\_DTL&StrNom= NUTS 22&StrLanguageCode=DE&IntPcKey=&StrLayoutCode=HIERARCHIC&IntCurrentPage=1

The standard selection is "Nuts 0". It is the country level and tells that the data are valid in one or more countries. The Nuts-Level is another categorisation field.

### Reference to:

DCAT-AP: dataset: spatial/geographical coverage – A spatial region or named place (free text, ontional)

INSPIRE: Geographic bounding box (westbound and eastbound longitudes, and southbound and northbound latitudes in decimal degrees, mandatory)

**Obligation**: mandatory

Type: Predefined text

Description: Predefined NUTS 0-3; UTF8; Multiple choice; NOT NULL

**Proposed Database features** 

Proposed Fieldname: val\_area

Proposed length: -

### 4.2.4.2. Network coverage

### **Description and References**

The field "Network coverage: main category" describes the part of the transport network (functional road classes) that is covered by datasets of the publication in a general way. The idea is to provide more detailed information about the data coverage. Since it should be searchable and compatible to other SPA's, the categorisation has to be harmonized.

The categories are (proposal from the working group, as no commonly agreed European definition is existing):

- Motorways
- arterial\_road\_network (in the meaning of state roads or federal roads)
- Regional roads
- Urban and local roads
- other

Reference to: DCAT-AP: n/a INSPIRE: n/a

**Obligation**: mandatory

**Type:** Predefined text

Description: Predefined; multiple choice; NOT NULL

**Proposed Database features** 

Proposed Fieldname: net\_category

Proposed length: -

### 4.2.4.3. Network coverage description

### **Description and References**

The field "Network coverage: Description" describes details of transport network (functional road classes) on a national basis. This is necessary due to different meanings and understanding of different terms in each country. This field is optional and free text, so each country can describe the parts of the road network covered by the data set.

Reference to: DCAT-AP: n/a INSPIRE: n/a **Obligation**: optional

Type: Free text

**Description:** Free Text (e.g. structural separated bidirectional lanes, 2 to 4 lanes, minimum speed 80);

**NULL** 

**Proposed Database features** 

**Proposed Fieldname:** net\_description

**Proposed length: 1000** 

### 4.2.5. Responsibilities / contact information

#### 4.2.5.1. Publisher

#### **Description and References**

The "publisher" describes an entity (company and person) that publishes datasets of a publication. He is responsible for the given information and concludes a contract if applicable. The contact information has to be as complete as possible to establish a direct contact to the publisher. The publisher contact information is mandatory.

For the data fields the common vCard is used. But there are up to 40 fields available. For efficiency reasons, only a selection of fields of the possible 40 data fields of the vCard standard is used. For privacy reasons only non-person datafields (e.g. organisation name, organisation address etc.) might be displayed in the user interface.

Reference to:

DCAT-AP: dataset: publisher – only organisation name is given (free text);

dataset: contact point (contact details for feedback); recommended

INSPIRE: Responsible party, role: publisher – organisation name and e-mail address; mandatory

**Obligation**: Organisation Name and E-Mail: mandatory, other fields: optional

Title	DB_Name	DB_Type	DB_ Field_length	DB_description
Name	p_name	Free text	50	Text, utf8, NULL
Organisation Name	p_org_name	Free text	50	Text, utf8, NOT NULL
Address	p_address	Free text	50	Text, utf8, NULL
E-Mail	p_email	Free text	50	Text, utf8, NOT NULL
Website	p_website	Free text	50	Text, utf8, NULL
Telephone number	p_tel	Free text	50	Text, utf8, NULL

### 4.2.5.2. Data Owner

### **Description and References**

The Data Owner defines the company that owns the dataset of a publication and is responsible for content and quality of the dataset. In case that the publisher is also the data owner the contact data will be copied from the publisher entry.

#### Reference to:

DCAT-AP: dataset: creator – authority under whose responsibility the dataset is made available (free text; optional)

INSPIRE: responsible party, role: owner (organisation name, e-mail address; mandatory if applicable)

**Obligation**: Organisation Name and E-Mail: mandatory, other fields: optional

Title	DB_Name	DB_Type	DB_ Field_length	DB_description
Name	do_name	Free text	50	Text, utf8, NULL
Organisation Name	do_org_name	Free text	50	Text, utf8, NOT NULL
Address	do_address	Free text	50	Text, utf8, NULL
E-Mail	do_email	Free text	50	Text, utf8, NOT NULL
Website	do_website	Free text	50	Text, utf8, NULL
Telephone number	do_tel	Free text	50	Text, utf8, NULL

### 4.2.6. Condition for use

### 4.2.6.1. Contract or licence

### **Description and References**

The field "Contract or licence" indicates the condition of use: whether a free and unrestricted use is possible, a contract has to be concluded or a licence has to be agreed on to use a dataset. Therefore there are predefined tags where only one can be selected. "No licence – No contract" is preselect, for this mandatory field.

### Predefined tags:

- No licence No contract
- Licence and Free of charge
- Licence and Fee
- Contract and Free of charge
- Contract and Fee

#### Reference to:

DCAT-AP: n/a (indirectly if licence and/or right statement is provided)

INSPIRE: conditions for access and use (free text with predefined suggestions); mandatory

**Obligation**: mandatory

Type: Predefined text

Description: Predefined values; UTF8; NOT NULL

**Proposed Database features** 

**Proposed Fieldname:** con\_lic

Proposed length: -

### 4.2.6.2. Condition for use

### **Description and References**

If licence or contract in field "contract or licence" is selected the condition of use has to be clarified. Here a sample contract or the terms of use need shall be provided as part of the metadata set, in order to allow potential data consumers to check and prove terms and conditions before getting in touch with the publisher. This field contains an URL to a PDF document, which contains all important information. The operator of SPA can decide to store that document on the SPA server to ensure that the document is accessible.

### Reference to:

DCAT-AP: catalogue record: licence / dataset: access rights (complex structure); optional INSPIRE: conditions for access and use (free text with predefined suggestions); mandatory

**Obligation**: mandatory if contract or license is selected

**Type:** Free text

**Description:** URL; NULL

**Proposed Database features** 

**Proposed Fieldname:** con\_description

**Proposed length: 1000** 

### 4.2.7. Access information

### 4.2.7.1. Structure of Publication

### **Description and References**

The "structure of publication" describes the technical format of the data set. There are predefined tags of the common data formats.

The options to be used are:

- DATEX II XML
- tpegML
- RSS
- KML
- JSON
- XML
- Mpeg4
- MDM\_Container
- Vlog
- Other

Reference to:

DCAT-AP: distribution: format (media type / extent: ods, csv, xls, xlsx, rdf, ttl, xml); recommended

INSPIRE: n/a

**Obligation**: mandatory

Type: Predefined text

Description: Predefined Text (DATEX II XML); NOT NULL

**Proposed Database features** 

**Proposed Fieldname:** tech\_structure

Proposed length: -

### 4.2.7.2. Publication Structure Description

### **Description and References**

If the "structure of publication" identifies the technical format of the data set as "other", here a definition needs to be done.

Reference to: DCAT-AP: n/a

INSPIRE: n/a

**Obligation**: mandatory, if the "structure of publication" identifies the technical format of the data set

as "other"

Type: Free text

**Description:** Free Text; NULL

**Proposed Database features** 

**Proposed Fieldname:** p\_structure\_description

**Proposed length: 1000** 

### 4.2.7.3. Access interface – Application layer protocol

### **Description and References**

The access interface describes the IT protocol of the data interface that will be used to transfer data. For error minimising there are predefined tags. It is mandatory and the minimum selection is "other".

Options to be used are:

- SOAP
- OTS2
- HTTP/HTTPS
- FTP
- RSS
- Other

Reference to: DCAT-AP: n/a INSPIRE: n/a

**Obligation**: mandatory

**Type:** Predefined text

Description: Predefined Values; UTF8; NOT NULL

**Proposed Database features** 

Proposed Fieldname: interface

Proposed length: -

### 4.2.7.4. Communication method

#### **Description and References**

The communication method describes the transmitting procedure from data provider to data receiver. It differs between push and pull. This mandatory field gives the service provider the opportunity to check the common data procedure on compatibility. If the data could be received by more than one method, a multiple choice selection could be done.

Reference to: DCAT-AP: n/a INSPIRE: n/a

Options to be used are:

- Push
- Pull

**Obligation**: mandatory

**Type:** Predefined text

**Description:** Predefined Values; UTF8; NOT NULL

**Proposed Database features** 

Proposed Fieldname: com\_method

Proposed length: -

### 4.2.7.5. Access URL

#### **Description and References**

The Access URL provides a link for access to the current dataset of a publication. It is mandatory if applicable (e.g. not applicable for publications providing datasets in push mode only). Furthermore, an access URL can be unique for each single relation between data owner and data receiver, as it is realised by the MDM <sup>2</sup>(Mobilitäts Daten Marktplatz). In this case, the access URL is no metadata for a publication but linked to a subscription that enables the access to the publication.

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> http://www.mdm-portal.de/

Reference to:

DCAT-AP: distribution: Access URL; mandatory

INSPIRE: resource locator; optional

**Obligation**: mandatory

**Type:** Free text

**Description:** URL (http://nap.austriatech.at/sampledata/asf.html); NOT NULL

**Proposed Database features** 

Proposed Fieldname: access\_url

**Proposed length: 250** 

### 4.2.8. Quality information

### 4.2.8.1. Update frequency

### **Description and References**

The update frequency describes the update rate of the data set. If there is a specific time interval or data only provided on occurrence precise information should be given. It is mandatory to select one update category.

Pre definitions to be used:

- On occurrence
- Up to 1min
- Up to 5min
- Up to 10 min
- Up to 15 min
- Up to 30 min
- Up to 1h
- Up to 2h
- Up to 3h
- Up to 12h
- Up to 24h
- Up to Weekly
- Up to Monthly
- Up to every 3month
- Up to every 6month
- Up to yearly
- more

Reference to:

DCAT-AP: Dataset: Frequency (minutely, daily ..., half yearly, annual) optional

INSPIRE: n/a

**Obligation**: mandatory

**Type:** Predefined text

Description: Predefined (up to yearly); NOT NULL

**Proposed Database features** 

Proposed Fieldname: update\_freq

Proposed length: -

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### 4.2.8.2. Quality Indicator

### **Description and References**

The quality indicator describes means and results of a quality assessment. This information shall assist data consumers in determining the value of data for their own services. Furthermore, it can be helpful for the validation process by a national body, where necessary. In accordance to INSPIRE and because of the ongoing quality analysis, it is proposed to describe of the Quality indicator by free text and link by an additional URL to further quality information.

Reference to: DCAT-AP: n/a

INSPIRE: lineage (free text; "Where appropriate it may include a statement whether the data set has been validated or quality assured, whether it is the official version (if multiple versions exist), and whether it has legal validity.") rec. if appropriate

**Obligation**: mandatory

**Type:** Free text

**Description:** Text/URL (Quality Indicators); NOT NULL

**Proposed Database features** 

**Proposed Fieldname:** qm\_indicator

**Proposed length: 1000** 

### 4.2.8.3. National Body Assessment Date

#### **Description and References**

For the future validation process by the national body an indicator field is necessary. It indicates if a self-declaration was cross checked for correctness by a national body or not. If the dataset is cross-checked the date is mentioned in the data storage. It's optional and only needed for the assessment of compliance process.

**Obligation**: optional

Type: DateTime

Description: YYYY-MM-DD'T'hh:mm:ssTZD [2015-10-23T09:00:00+01:00]; NOT NULL

**Proposed Database features** 

Proposed Fieldname: assessment\_date

Proposed length: -

## **ANNEX I – Clustering of Dataset Types**

Dataset type	Detailed information (necessary for self-	Priority action	
(Category)	declaration)		
Static road network	Geometry	Action B: RTTI	
data	Road width		
	Number of lanes		
	Gradients		
	Junctions		
	Road classification		
Traffic regulations and	Access conditions for tunnels	Action B: RTTI	
identifying dangers	Access conditions for bridges		
	Speed limits		
	Permanent access restrictions and other traffic		
	regulations		
	other traffic regulations		
	traffic circulation plans		
Toll information	Location of tolling stations	Action B: RTTI	
	Identification of tolled roads and applicable static road user charges		
	Variable road user charges		
Parking information	Location of parking places and service areas	Action B: RTTI	
	Availability of parking places		
	Cost of parking		
Filling and charging	Location of charging points for electric vehicles and the	Action B: RTTI	
stations	conditions for their use		
	location of compressed natural gas, liquefied natural gas, liquefied petroleum gas stations		
	Availability of charging points for electric vehicles		
Freight logistics	Freight delivery regulations	Action B: RTTI	
e.g eg.eu.ee	Location of delivery areas		
	Availability of delivery areas		
Location of public	Location of public transport stops and interchange	Action B: RTTI	
transport stops and	points		
interchange points			
Dynamic access	Road closures	Action B: RTTI	
information	Lane closures		
	Bridge closures		
Temporary traffic	Direction of travel on reversible lanes	Action B: RTTI	
regulation	Dynamic overtaking bans on heavy goods vehicles		
Road Work information	road works	Action B: RTTI	
Unexpected events and	Accidents and incidents	Action B: RTTI	
conditions (not being	Poor road conditions		
safety related)	Weather conditions affecting road surface and visibility	1	
	<u> </u>		

Traffic management	Dynamic access conditions for tunnels	Action B: RTTI					
measures	Dynamic access conditions for bridges						
	Dynamic Speed limits						
	Dynamic access restrictions and other traffic						
	regulations						
	temporary traffic management measures						
	Traffic management plans						
Real-time traffic data	Traffic volume	Action B: RTTI					
	Speed						
	Travel times						
	locations of queues						
	Traffic data at border crossings to third countries						
	Estimated travel times						
	waiting time at border crossings to non-EU Member						
	States						
	Expected delays						
Safety Related Traffic	Temporary slippery road	Action C: SRTI					
Information	Animal, people, obstacle, debris on the road						
	Unprotected accident area						
	Short term road works						
	Reduced visibility						
	Wrong-way driver						
	Unmanaged blockage of a road						
	Exceptional weather conditions						
Truck parking information	Static Truck parking information	Action E: Truck parking					
	Dynamic Truck parking information	information					

ERROR: undefinedfilename OFFENDING COMMAND: C:\Windows\Temp\PDFCreator\Spool\C4CDA3E7FFBD40638B3557E6649154B1.mt

STACK: